#### **The Auckland Plan**

Presentation to the Construction Clients Group

11 am Wednesday, 23 February 2011





# What is Spatial Planning?

"Spatial planning gives geographical expression to the economic, social, cultural and ecological policies of society." 'Torremolinos Charter'

 It is at the same time a scientific discipline, an administrative technique and a policy developed as an interdisciplinary and comprehensive approach directed towards a balanced regional development and the physical organisation of space according to an overall strategy." (European Regional / Spatial Planning Charter)

#### The Opportunity – The Auckland Plan - 4 Key Objectives\*

- Improving quality of life
- Socio-economic wellbeing
- Responsible management of the environment
- > A land use plan in the public interest

\* Source: 'Torremolinos Charter' – European Regional/Spatial Planning Charter 1983



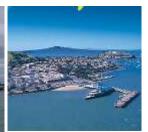














### Mayor's Values and Vision for Auckland





#### Summary of Key Challenges and Opportunities

- Increasing social inequalities (spatial polarisation) pride creating one unified city and leading social responsibility
- Affordable and suitable housing connected towns and villages, enhanced public transportation, funding options, integrated provision of infrastructure
- Economic investment innovative industries, employment centres
- Complex environmental issues rural, coastal, biodiversity, heritage, urban design, quality, climate change













 Key transport linkages

State Highways

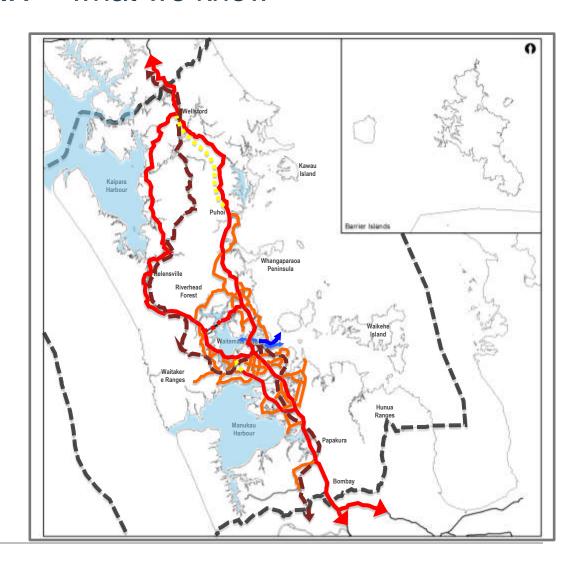
Major Connectors

Rail

Sea (freight)

Sea (ferry)

Proposed SH Extension





#### Major environmental attributes



Harbours

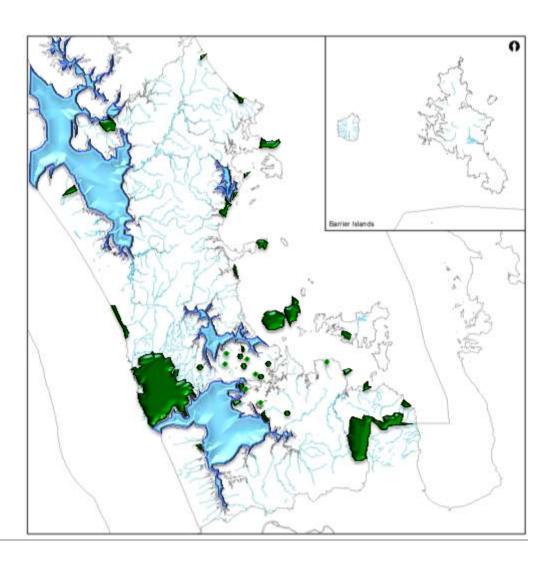


Regional Parks / Scenic Reserves



Significant Open Space / Volcanic Cones

Rivers / Streams





 Major centres of employment



Over 20 000

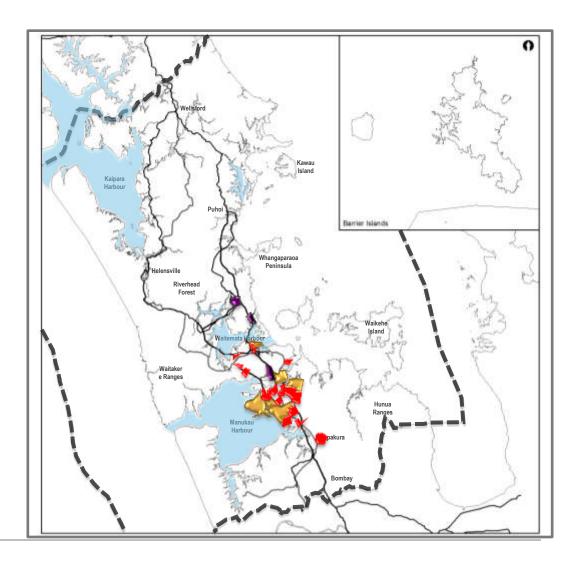


10 000 to 20 000

Level of unemployment



Highest unemployment – 7% +





 Post secondary qualifications

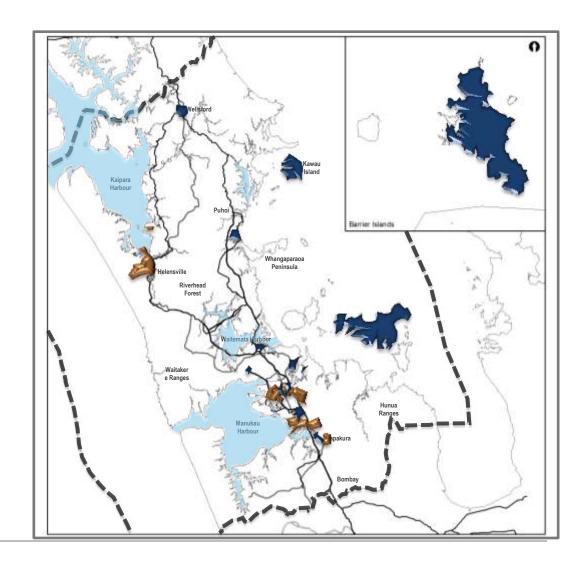


10% or less of people

Lowest household income



\$0 to \$40000 pa





Population under 5

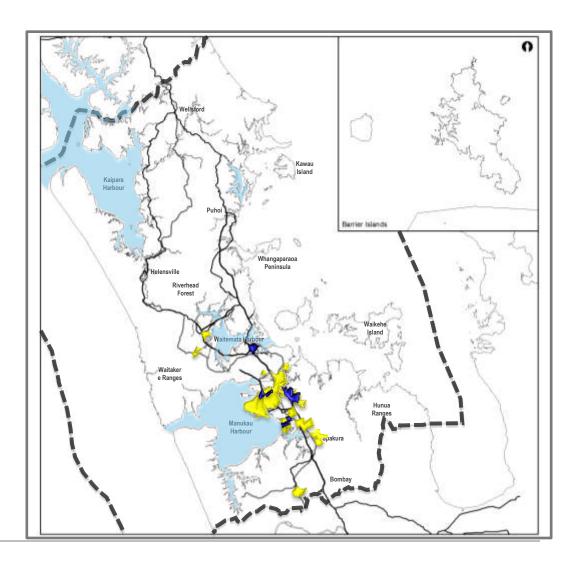


Between 10% and 15% of people

Population under 25



Between 40% and 50% of people

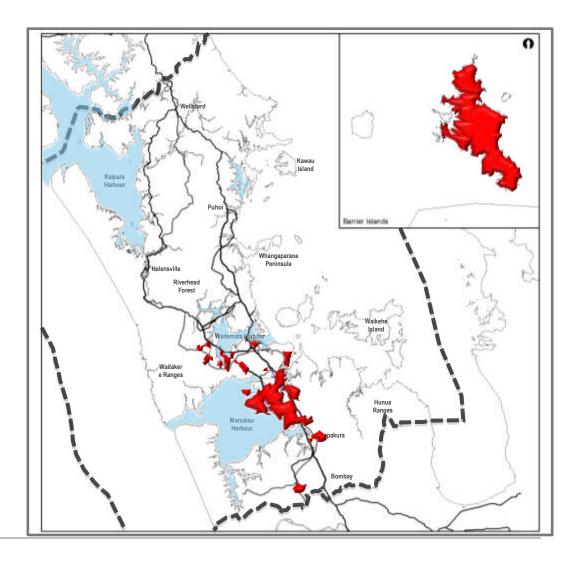




Highest levels of deprivation



Deprivation Score 9 & 10





# Possible Approach: First Order and Complementary Spatial Priorities

#### > First Order Priorities

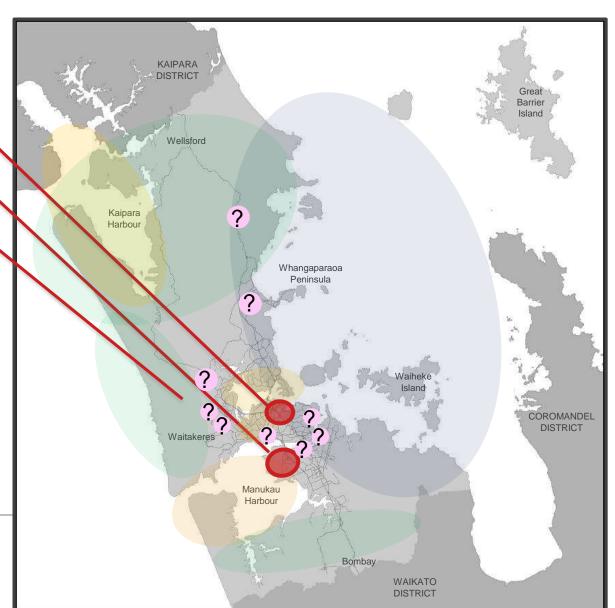
- One international city centre for the whole of Auckland
- Southern opportunity area
- Our unique environment

#### > Complementary Priorities

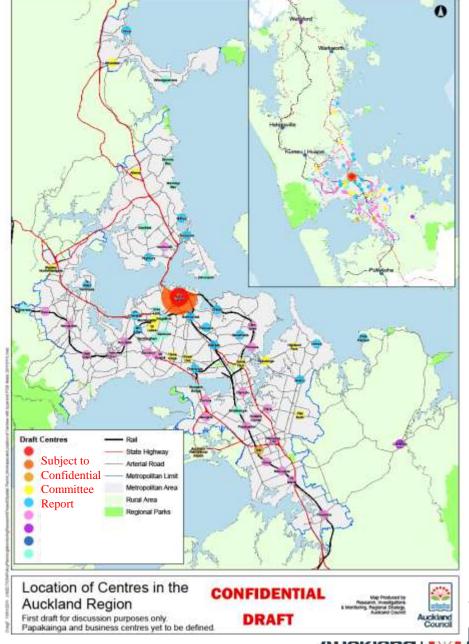
Centres of growth and regeneration

#### > Cross-Cutting Issues

 Transport, climate change, housing, rural, recreational etc

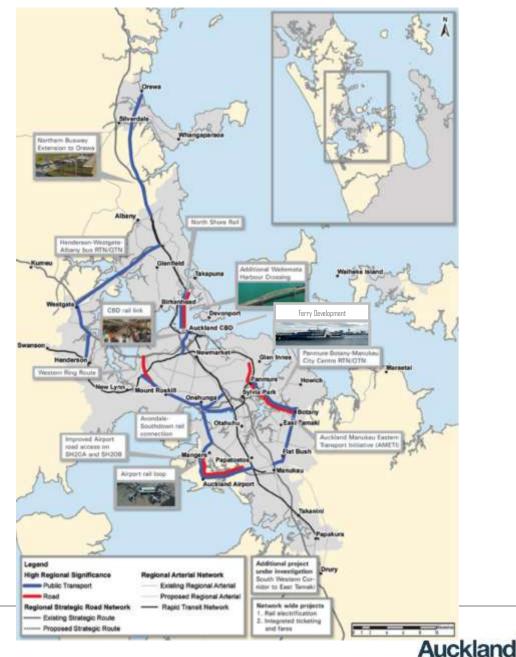


# Where will the extra 600,000 people in 20 years live?





Top 12 transport initiatives for The World's Most Liveable City



# Brief Descriptors of Categories

- Regeneration requires Central Government and Council intervention working with the private sector
- Market potential market indicators suggest private sector interest, Council enables market, eg through infrastructure provision
- Emergent market interest but some continued Council involvement
- Satellite future growth centres outside urban MUL
- Business centres of employment primary function
- Papakainga Maori villages





## Auckland (Spatial) Plan, LTP work programme

